Weather station WMO compliant







# MICROMET3 – METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS FOR CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT MONITORING (Rev.3 101023)

MicroMet stations have been designed for weather, climate and environment monitoring in compliance with WMO guidelines (World Meteorological Organization – Annex 8).

MicroMet stations are equipped with the MicroMET3 datalogger and by professional sensors which can be calibrated from external laboratories (e.g. Accredia, WMO, Measnet, ecc...). Sensors may operate in several critical conditions (strong wind, hail, saltiness, ice, etc...) and, thanks to their low consumption, without any connection to the electrical grid.

MicroMet stations, based on the numbers and kinds of connected sensors, can be responding to the following applications and requirements:

- 1. "Compact meteo": station with 3m telescopic pole, easy to install and suitable for any application where available spaces are limited or where the optical impact must be minimum. Typical installations: meteo-urban monitoring, harbour areas, universities, research institutes, local boards, industrial areas, dams, civil protection, etc...
- "Synoptic meteo": station with 10m tiltable/telescopic pole, suitable for applications where the anemometric measures must be done in compliance with WMO guidelines (ref. meteorological measurements in open field). Typical installations: monitoring of atmospheric pollutants dispersion (evaluation of Pasquill stability classes), airport, anemological studies, primary measure stations for weather forecasting, monitoring of snow and glaciological layers, etc...

The datalogger MicroMET3, which is the central processor unit of the station, is able to display, acquire, memorize and transmit by remote all data. Thanks to its modularity, the datalogger may receive up to 13 analog, 3 digital measures and 1 water multi-parametric probe with serial port.

### **Advantages**



Meteorological station with 10m pole for monitoring of atmospheric pollutant dispersion (installation in cogeneration plant)

- Instruments WMO compliant and Accredia certifiable
- Low consumption and possibility of powering with photovoltaic panel
  - No property communication protocol
- Standard text data format (CSV format) compatible with Excel, database and the most common softwares available in the market.
- No connection charges (with GPRS wireless transmission and photovoltaic panel power supply)
- Critical working conditions (presence of salinity, ice, sand, corrosive agents, high temperature excursions, etc...)
- Reliability, long-life and minimum requested maintenance
- High accuracy and resolution of the measure
- Fully italian technology





#### Technical Data

Technical Data					
DATALOGGER	mMET3 – Multichannel Datalogger				
I/O Channels	8 analog inputs (+ 8 option on Expa8 interface): in voltage or current (typ.05Vdc or 420mA); 2 insulated digital inputs (pulse counter) for sensors with "high" frequency up to 50KHz (anemometers, flow gauges, ecc) and with "low" frequency output (rain gauges), sensors that requires the time counting (sunshine duration, leaf wetness,), on/off signal (free-contacts); 1 diagnostic input for battery monitor				
Power supply	1014.4Vdc (typical 12Vdc); On-board battery charger, input from photovoltaic panel, with battery monitoring (deactivation of the load <10,5Vdc, restart >12Vdc) or power supplier 220Vac/12Vdc				
Average autonomy of a	) >15days: with 12Vdc/7Ah battery, 20W photov. panel, storage: 5'				
weather station with 7	transmission: 60'				
measures	) >30days: with 12Vdc/18Ah battery, 30W photov. panel, storage: 5' transmission: 60'				
Data communication	Wireless via GSM/GPRS on FTP area				
	wired via RS232/LAN cable with PC free software for data download				
Alarms transmission	via e-mail using MeteoGraph web (with GPRS data transmission)				
Programming	On site: setting of text file in the SD Card memory				
Settable parameters	<ul> <li>Date and time with NTP synchronization (network time protocol)</li> <li>Anemometer and rain gauge constants</li> <li>Storage rate (5, 10, 15, 30 or 60');</li> <li>Transmission rate (5, 10, 15, 30 or 60');</li> </ul>				
Elaborations	Min, max (gust), arithmetic average, standard deviation, turbulence; trigonometric average; sum; diagnostic measure for battery voltage. Calculable measurements (if the weather sensors that allow the calculation are present): Evapotranspiration Et0, TD Dew point temperature, TWB wet bulb temperature, Wind Chill, Humidex				
Data storage	Data backup of 500 days with circular storage				
Conformity	Annex 8 – WMO (World Meteorological Organization)				
Working temperature	-30+70°C				
IP65 Enclosure (basic version)	Plastic material Dim.(LxHxP): 250x350x160mm, key closure and universal brackets for mounting on the pole.				



mMET3



Datalogger mounting in the IP65 container

### **METEOROLOGICAL SENSORS**

Model	mSTAUR – Air temperature-humidity sensor					
Temperature - Range	-40+60 °C					
Transducer	Pt100 with anti-radiation shields					
Accuracy	±0.2°C					
Rel. Humidity - Range	0100 %					
Transducer	Capacitive with anti-radiation shields					
Accuracy	±2%					

Model	RG200 – Rain gauge (available also with anti-icing heater)
Range	infinite
Orifice area	200cm <sup>2</sup> (option: 400 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Transducer	Double contact (n.o.) tilting bucket
Accuracy	Class B UNI 11452:2012 (class A connected to the Geoves datalogger)
Resolution	0.2 mm/commutation (or 0.1mm 400cm <sup>2</sup> version)
Power supply	Without heater: none; With heater (VersR): 12-24Vdc 60W









Models	mWS1 e WS2 – Wind speed sensors					
Range	050 m/s (typical) gusts >75m/s					
Transducer	Magnetic with sinusoidal AC signal not powered					
Rotation	High performance bearings					
Anti-icing heater	12Vdc/1W (only for WS2 model)					
Accuracy	< ±0.1m/s					

Models	mWD1 e WD2 – Wind direction sensors				
Range	0359°				
Transducer	Linear Potentiometer with continuous 360°				
Rotation	High performance bearings				
Anti-icing heater	12Vdc/1W (only for WD2 model)				
Accuracy	< ±2°				

Model	PIRSC – Silicon cell pyranometer (global solar irradiance)
Measuring range	02000 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Spectral Range	0.41.1μm
Transducer	Silicon cell
Accuracy (typ.)	±3,5%

Models	PIR2S / PIR01 / PIR02 – Thermopyle pyranometers (global solar irradiance)					
Measuring range	02000 W/m <sup>2</sup>					
Spectral Range	PIR01 and PIR02: 3002800nm; PIR2S: 2832800nm					
Transducer	Thermopile					
ISO9060 accuracy classes	PIR2S: Secondary standard (high quality)					
	PIR01: First Class (good quality)					
	PIRO2: Second class (moderate quality)					
Available certifications	ISO9001 in compliance with ISO9847 norm					

Model	NSR – Net radiometer (Net solar radiation)				
Measuring range	±2000 W/m <sup>2</sup>				
Transducer	Thermopile (spectral range: 0,3100μm)				
Sensitivity	10μV/W/m²				
Available certifications	ISO9001 in compliance with ISO7726 norm				

Model	mPA, BAR – Barometers for indoor or outdoor (with static port)					
Range (typical)	8001100 hPa (on request 6001100 hPa for sites over 1000m above s.l.)					
Transducer	Piezoresistive					
Average accuracy @ 25°C	BAR: ±0.5hPa; mPA: ±0.6hPa					
Long-term stability	±0.01hPa/year					

Model	EVAS – Evaporimeter with class A pan				
Range of the measure sensor	030mB				
Transducer	Capacitive with polynomial temperature compensation				
Accuracy (between 1050°C)	<0.1% f.s.				
Evaporimeter accessories	Wooden platform with protective coatings; AISI304 stainless steel				
	pan, class A in compliance to WMO Annex 8 guidelines				
Power supply	828Vdc				
Output	420mA				

















Model	SNU – Sonic level sensor (snow depth gauge)	SNU – Sonic level sensor (snow depth gauge)				
Range	06m					
Transducer	sonic					
Accuracy	<0,2% of measured value					
Output	420mA					
Power supply	1030Vdc					



POLES/MASTS						
Models	PF2-40	PF3-55	PL3-TREP	PF4-55 (PF5-55)	PTAP10-80	PRBF10-110
Heights (m)	2m	2,7 max	3.9 max	3,7 max (o 5m)	10* max	10 max
		2 min	1.9 min	2 min	2 min*	
Typical application	Fix or	Fix	Fix or portable	Fix	Fix or	Fix
	relocatable				portable	
Mounting	On soil without	On civil works	On soil without	On civil works or	On wall or	On civil works or
	civil works or	or plinth or	civil works or	plinth or wall	with field	plinth
	plinth or wall	wall	concrete platform		tripod	
Raising	No	Telescopic, manual			Telescopic,	Tiltable
					pneumatic	balanced
Wind resistance		100km/h with gus	ts up to 130km/h@	901000mslm and	without ice load	
Diameters (mm)	Base: 40	Base: 55	Base: 40	Base: 55 (55)	Base: 80*	Base: 170
	Top: 40	Top: 50	Top: 30	Top: 50 (45)	Top: 40*	Top: 70
Weight (kg) guy wires and	4kg	11kg	10kg	13kg (18kg)	23kg	170kg
accessories excluded						
Material		Galvanized steel				Galvanized
					Aluminum	steel
N. elements	1	2	3	3	6	2
N. of guy wires	/ 3 @ 120°				3 @ 120°	/
Required workers for installation	1				2 (PRBF10-110 nee	ed truck with crane)

<sup>\*</sup>Other poles are available on request

### **EXAMPLES OF MICROMET APPLICATIONS**



Meteorological portable station with 10m pneumatic pole, folding tripod and multiparametric sonic anemometer with onboard compass



Weather station on telescopic pole h=3m (without civil works) for climatologic monitoring in the Taranto gulf

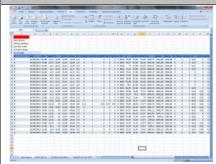


Meteorological station mounted on 10m light telescopic pole. Installation in a shelter for air quality analysis



#### **SOFTWARE**

#### Vlodel



#### Geodesk & MeteoGraph

**Geodesk** is a basic service software, free supplied with all Geoves datalogger, that can import data recorded (on SD card or sent via GPRS or transmitted by cable from the datalogger) and generate a single data file in Excel format. In this way it's possible to create data aggregation of desired period (eg. Monthly) and then derive the tabular and graphical reports.

Besides Geodesk creates the setup configuration for the functioning of Butterfly, Micro3 and LPDL Geoves dataloggers



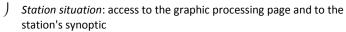
**MeteoGraph** is a web application for the numerical and graphic display of data transmitted via GPRS on FTP area from environmental monitoring stations with Geoves datalogger.

The software relies on an FTP Geoves area where data is sent autonomously by the control units at fixed times and are available in standard text format with fields separated by commas (CSV format). The data is therefore always usable without the need to use proprietary communication protocols or specific programs for data decoding; furthermore, the software does not require any installation as Internet access is sufficient and a username and password must be entered to enter the dedicated web page and display the measurements from a PC, tablet or smartphone.

The data in text format are processed by MeteoGraph to obtain on the web page both the measurement in numeric format (eg average minimum maximum trend, etc.) and in graphic format that can be downloaded in jpg bitmap format.

### Station dashboard

The available functions are:



- *Load and import data*: the data saved on the datalogger SD card are imported, or on a PC folder (or other support)
- Data download: data are downloaded in text format with fields separated by commas for simple backups or subsequent processing with other applications (eg Excel, Access, external databases or other commercially available software)
- ) Alarms: access to the station alarm management menu (optional on request)



#### Station situation - Station information

The parameters displayed are:

- Station unique identifier (ID)
- Name of the station
- Geographic coordinates (Latitude and Longitude)
- Data base status:
  - o Date and time of Start data storage
  - o Date and time Last data storage
  - Operation status of the station
- Photos of the station

## Real-time synoptic of the station

The synoptic is a very useful tool for assessing the situation of the latest measurements taken by the monitoring station and assessing the meteorological or environmental situation of the site. For each measurement it is possible to associate one or more dedicated





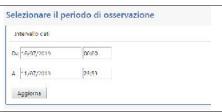




processes. For example, for the temperature it is possible to indicate the minimum and maximum value and the time in which it occurred in addition to other calculated measures such as the dew point.

The synoptic also shows:

- calculated measures
- Diagnostic data (eg battery voltage)
- Significant data for the interpretation of the measure (eg barometric tendency, wind chill, monthly precipitation, etc.)



### **Observation period**

It is possible to select the observation period in which to carry out all the elaborations that are displayed by MeteoGraph



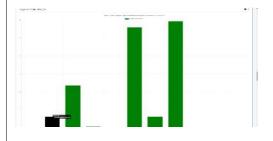
### **Graphic elaborations**

Linear multi-line for measurements where the arithmetic average is applied (eg temperature, humidity, pressure, etc.) with representation of the minimum and maximum value



#### **Graphic elaborations**

Wind-rose for the anemometer measurements

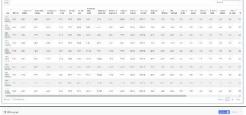


## **Graphic elaborations for precipitation**

Graph with hourly summation

Monthly or annual precipitation histogram

Other graphs are available on request or can be customized with simple filters



#### **Tabular elaborations**

Daily data table can be downloaded both in text and in .png image format

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#### Alarm management

To manage alarms, the software allows you to set upward (> value) or downward (<value) intervention thresholds, after which alert emails are sent to the personnel in charge.

The alarms are then represented on the screen with adequate effects and colors to attract the attention of the operator